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Scenario Planning and Analysis for Startup Business: An Analytical Study

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Abstract

Scenario planning and analysis is an essential part of the strategic development and decisionmaking process for new firms. It involves assessing and envisioning various potential future scenarios to anticipate and prepare for potential challenges and opportunities. By considering a range of plausible situations, startups can proactively strategize and allocate resources effectively. Scenario planning helps identify potential risks, market fluctuations, technological advancements, and competitor actions that may impact the business. By conducting a thorough analysis of these scenarios, startups can identify key drivers, evaluate the impact of different strategies, and develop contingency plans to mitigate risks and capitalize on opportunities. This process enables startups to navigate uncertainties and make informed decisions that align with their long-term vision, enhancing their resilience and increasing their chances of success in an ever-changing business landscape.

Keywords: Scenario Planning, Analysis, Startup Business, Strategic Development, Market Fluctuations, Contingency Plans

Introduction

The business climate in which startups operate is one that is volatile and uncertain, and there are several elements that can impact either their success or failure. By engaging in scenario planning, startups can assess and envision multiple potential future scenarios, allowing them to anticipate and prepare for potential challenges and opportunities. This proactive approach enables startups to develop robust strategies and allocate resources effectively, ensuring they are well-positioned to navigate the complexities of the market.

During the scenario planning process, startups identify and evaluate a range of plausible situations that may impact their business. They consider factors such as market trends,

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technological advancements, regulatory changes, and customer behaviour. By systematically analyzing these scenarios, startups gain a comprehensive understanding of the potential risks they may face. For example, they may identify possible disruptions in the supply chain, changes in consumer preferences, or shifts in the competitive landscape. By anticipating these risks, startups can develop contingency plans to mitigate their impact and safeguard their operations.

Moreover, scenario planning enables startups to identify and capitalize on opportunities that may arise in the future. By exploring various scenarios, startups can uncover emerging market trends, new customer segments, or untapped geographical markets. This information allows startups to align their strategies and resources, accordingly, positioning themselves to seize opportunities and gain a competitive advantage. For instance, a startup in the technology sector may anticipate a surge in demand for a particular product or service due to advancements in a related field. By preparing for this scenario, they can proactively invest in research and development, talent acquisition, and marketing to capitalize on the emerging opportunity. Figure 1 shows the overview of the Scenario Planning:



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Figure 1 Overview of Scenario Planning (Source: Edgar et al., 2013)

Literature Review

The paper incorporates a mixed-integer linear program to maximize the chain's overall profit as well as various limits on the network's freshness of the fiber. The findings demonstrate that factors to be considered in production and procurement planning for maximizing the benefits of the forest supply chain include pricing and demand variations, price fluctuations, and wood ageing levels. The approach is beneficial in that it assists organizations in making proper planning decisions in accordance with their respective commercial environments. (Alayet et. al., 2016). Another paper seeks to give a general introduction to how scenario planning might be useful in addressing the uncertainty brought on by shifting and unpredictable competitive dynamics. It reflects both the academic understanding of the benefits of employing scenario planning as a management tool and the practical experience of strategic planners. Findings reveal that by using scenario planning to deliberate in a way that enables them to be ready for various futures, businesses can establish a corporate-level strategy and obtain long-term certainty in their strategic approach. Practical implications show that by being "mentally prepared" to handle the future, businesses may manage environmental uncertainty and turbulence. (Oliver, 2017).

An article examines scenario analysis (SA) applications and implementation techniques within the context of a thorough literature assessment that includes publications released between 2000 and 2010. The academic literature and applications under review use a wide range of methods to create various scenarios, and the methods and data used to characterise the scenarios and create response strategies are constrained by elements like computational tractability and time and resource constraints. A standard technique for scenario analysis is given in the study. This procedure encompasses the phases of analysis, scenario definition, and evaluation. (Tourki et. al., 2013). Another article offers a hybrid of the three primary schools of thought for scenario planning. It is used to create scenarios for a modern, technologically advanced, and quickly evolving sector of the economy like Interactive Digital Media. For the purpose of automatically recording and analysing real-time occurrences, a web crawler that is commercially available and equipped with analytical functions was employed. A morphological method known as multidimensional scaling was used to analyse the occurrences and find patterns within them so that trends could be found. (Sharma & Yang, 2015).

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A paper states that the future of an organisation can be enacted by its members, according to social constructionists and organisational theorists. However, scenario planning strategies frequently focus on a future that the organisation must respond to rather than design. Organisations can use goal-oriented scenario planning to align the world they want with the reality they anticipate seeing in order to foster creative foresight and future-focused thinking. (Tevis, 2010). Another research shows that the scenario planning method is frequently used to deal with uncertainty and prepare for potential future events. The results highlight distinctions between applied and methodological, strategic and operational research, as well as an increase in enthusiasm for scenario research after 2009. Future research is anticipated to strengthen the approach to making robust decisions and combine it with techniques looking for the most probable possibilities. The scenario technique's cognitive and behavioural features might garner more attention. (Tiberius et. al., 2020).

In an article, the authors state that they developed wildlife management goals using a scenario planning approach and assessed participants' opinions of it as a tool for goal setting. Participants emphasized that management goals must be context-specific, and that "no-regrets" management practices may not be helpful. Resource managers can find unmet demands that may become critical in the future by using scenario planning. It offers a method for respectfully incorporating local and traditional ecological knowledge into the planning process. (Beach & Clark, 2015). Another paper uses an integrated foresight approach based on scenario planning to explore potential futures for the design and manufacturing industries. To make the firm competitive in all the developed scenarios in 2035, four scenarios based on automation and sustainable development are constructed. The primary macro-level result is that economic and technological drivers will have the greatest influence on design and production, with environmental and social concerns coming in second and third. The suggested approach makes use of the advantages of conventional scenario planning while addressing some of its drawbacks by offering a methodical approach to scenario creation and straightforward implementation. (Alizadeh & Soltanisehat, 2020).

Research resulted in the creation of a planning typology with nine components that captures key variations in scenario projects, including project scope, desired outcomes, and the types of scenario construction and evaluation tools used by planners, which are the most crucial details in

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this text. The typology shows the various elements that make up a scenario-planning process as well as the trade-offs that planners make when deciding which set of parameters to prioritise. The typology can be used by planners to create a range of scenario procedures that are more collaborative, open, and future-focused than conventional planning methods. (Chakraborty & McMillan, 2015). Another article provides a case study of a scenario planning intervention that was carried out at a division of one of the biggest multinational companies producing beauty and cosmetics. The approach utilised in this case study differs significantly from the models already in use at the corporate level. The method of scenario planning utilised at the business unit level is presented using autoethnographic principles to present self-critical reflections that are strengthened through reflective and reflexive interactions. By offering insights into the method's use at the business unit level, this article adds to the body of literature on scenario planning. (Tapinos, 2013).

A paper states that organizations utilize scenario planning as a strategic tool to assess their ambiguous business environment. The knowledge that supports scenario generation, construction, and approaches are summarized in this document. It also sheds light on the evolving conceptual landscape of scenario planning theory. Additionally, it offers a succinct synopsis of each topic in the special issue on scenario planning. (Sarpong & Amankwah-Amoah, 2015). Another research examines and assesses the use of scenario-based approaches from the Intuitive Logics (IL) school to so-called "wicked problems." Since the turn of the millennium, scenario planning has been more and more popular thanks to the widespread support of its practitioners. Academics have addressed this criticism by referencing both conceptual and empirical findings. This study contrasts hard and soft OR procedures and comes to the conclusion that OR practitioners can benefit from IL scenario planning. (Wright et. al., 2019).

Conclusion

In conclusion, scenario planning and analysis are indispensable tools for startup businesses navigating the complex and uncertain terrain of the modern business landscape. By engaging in a systematic and rigorous process of envisioning potential future scenarios, startups can anticipate challenges, identify risks, and seize opportunities. The proactive nature of scenario planning empowers startups to make informed decisions, develop contingency plans, and allocate resources effectively. By considering a range of plausible situations, startups gain a

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comprehensive understanding of the potential risks they may face, such as disruptions in the supply chain, changes in consumer preferences, or shifts in the competitive landscape. Armed with this knowledge, they can proactively develop strategies and contingency plans to mitigate the impact of these risks and safeguard their operations. Furthermore, scenario planning allows startups to identify and capitalize on emerging opportunities. By exploring various scenarios, they can uncover emerging market trends, new customer segments, or untapped geographical markets. This information enables startups to align their strategies and allocate resources accordingly, positioning themselves to seize opportunities and gain a competitive advantage. For instance, a startup in the technology sector may anticipate a surge in demand for a particular product or service due to advancements in a related field. By preparing for this scenario, they can proactively invest in research and development, talent acquisition, and marketing to capitalize on the emerging opportunity. Overall, scenario planning enhances a startup's ability to navigate uncertainties, adapt to changing market dynamics, and increase its chances of long-term success. By embracing scenario planning and analysis, startups demonstrate resilience, strategic foresight, and a commitment to proactive decision-making, all of which are critical in a highly dynamic and competitive business environment.

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