

REVIEW ARTICLE**Orthodontic treatment and its impact on the overall wellness of pediatric patients in school settings: A review****¹Dr. Majdi Rasem Naji, ²Dr. Sami H F Ababneh**

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Abstract

Orthodontic treatment in pediatric patients is not only essential for correcting malocclusions but also plays a significant role in promoting their physiological wellness. This review paper aims to analyze the impact of orthodontic treatment on the physiological well-being of pediatric patients in school settings. The review discusses the effects of orthodontic treatment on various aspects of physiological wellness, including psychological health, quality of life, and social interactions. Furthermore, it explores the potential benefits of orthodontic treatment beyond dental aesthetics, highlighting its implications for overall health and development. Understanding the physiological impact of orthodontic treatment is crucial for healthcare professionals, educators, and parents to ensure holistic care for pediatric patients undergoing orthodontic interventions.

Keywords: Orthodontic treatment, Pediatric patients, Physiological wellness, School settings, psychological impact.

Introduction

Orthodontic treatment, aimed at correcting malocclusions and enhancing dental aesthetics, is a fundamental aspect of dental care, particularly in pediatric patients. Malocclusions, characterized by misalignments of the teeth and jaws, can lead to functional and aesthetic concerns, impacting the overall well-being of individuals. While orthodontic treatment is often associated with improving smile aesthetics, its significance extends far beyond cosmetic enhancement. In recent years, there has been increasing recognition of the physiological implications of orthodontic interventions, particularly in pediatric populations [1-3].

Significance of Orthodontic Treatment in Pediatric Patients

Orthodontic treatment holds immense significance in pediatric patients due to its potential to correct malocclusions and enhance dental aesthetics at a crucial stage of development. Malocclusions, which encompass a range of dental irregularities including misalignments of the teeth and jaws, can have far-reaching effects on oral health, function, and overall well-being if left untreated. Pediatric patients, in particular, benefit significantly from timely

orthodontic intervention, as it not only addresses existing malocclusions but also prevents potential complications in adulthood [1-5].

1. Developmental Considerations

Orthodontic treatment is often initiated during childhood or adolescence, a period characterized by active growth and development of the craniofacial structures. This developmental stage presents a unique opportunity for orthodontists to guide facial growth and dental occlusion, thereby optimizing treatment outcomes. By intervening early, orthodontists can harness the natural growth potential of pediatric patients to achieve favorable orthodontic results and minimize the need for more invasive interventions later in life [1-5].

2. Prevention of Dental Complications

Untreated malocclusions in pediatric patients can lead to a myriad of dental complications, including tooth decay, gum disease, and temporomandibular joint disorders. Malocclusions may predispose individuals to increased plaque accumulation, compromised oral hygiene, and difficulty in maintaining dental health. Orthodontic treatment addresses these issues by realigning the teeth and jaws, facilitating proper oral hygiene practices, and reducing the risk of dental diseases in pediatric patients [1-5].

3. Functional Improvements

Beyond aesthetic considerations, orthodontic treatment offers functional benefits that enhance oral health and overall quality of life in pediatric patients. Proper alignment of the teeth and jaws improves masticatory function, facilitating efficient chewing and digestion of food. Additionally, orthodontic interventions can alleviate speech impairments associated with malocclusions, enabling clearer articulation and communication in pediatric patients. By optimizing oral function, orthodontic treatment contributes to the physiological wellness of pediatric patients [1-5].

4. Psychosocial Well-being

The impact of malocclusions extends beyond physical health, often influencing the psychosocial well-being of pediatric patients. Visible dental irregularities may contribute to feelings of self-consciousness, social stigma, and impaired self-esteem, particularly during formative years. Orthodontic treatment addresses these psychosocial concerns by improving dental aesthetics, enhancing smile confidence, and promoting positive self-perception in pediatric patients. By addressing both the functional and aesthetic aspects of malocclusions, orthodontic treatment plays a vital role in bolstering the overall well-being of pediatric patients [1-5].

5. Long-term Oral Health Outcomes

Orthodontic treatment in pediatric patients yields long-term benefits for oral health outcomes, extending well into adulthood. By correcting malocclusions and optimizing dental occlusion, orthodontic interventions reduce the likelihood of dental problems such as tooth wear, periodontal disease, and temporomandibular joint dysfunction later in life. Furthermore, orthodontic treatment sets the foundation for a healthy dentition and occlusion, minimizing the need for extensive restorative or surgical procedures in adulthood. Thus, investing in orthodontic treatment during childhood yields dividends in terms of long-term oral health and well-being [1-5].

The orthodontic treatment holds immense significance in pediatric patients, offering a range of benefits that extend beyond mere aesthetics. By addressing malocclusions during childhood or adolescence, orthodontic interventions promote optimal oral health, function, and psychosocial well-being in pediatric patients. Understanding the significance of orthodontic treatment in pediatric populations is essential for healthcare professionals, educators, and parents to prioritize early intervention and holistic care for pediatric patients with malocclusions.

Orthodontic Treatment in School Settings

Orthodontic treatment in school settings plays a pivotal role in addressing the orthodontic needs of pediatric patients while considering the unique challenges and opportunities presented by educational environments. As children spend a significant portion of their time in school, the impact of orthodontic issues on their academic performance, social interactions, and overall well-being becomes particularly relevant. Therefore, integrating orthodontic care into school settings is essential for ensuring comprehensive and accessible dental services for pediatric populations [3-6].

1. Accessibility and Convenience

Delivering orthodontic care within school settings enhances accessibility and convenience for pediatric patients and their families. By offering orthodontic consultations, screenings, and treatments on school premises, barriers to accessing dental care, such as transportation and time constraints, are minimized. This approach facilitates early identification and intervention of orthodontic issues, ensuring timely treatment for pediatric patients without disrupting their academic schedules or requiring additional appointments outside of school hours [3-6].

2. Early Intervention and Prevention

School-based orthodontic programs provide opportunities for early intervention and preventive measures to address orthodontic issues in pediatric patients. Orthodontic screenings conducted in school settings enable the early detection of malocclusions, dental irregularities, and oral health problems, allowing for timely referrals to orthodontic specialists for further evaluation and treatment. Early intervention not only prevents the progression of orthodontic issues but also promotes optimal dental development and oral health outcomes in pediatric patients [3-6].

3. Educational Outreach and Oral Health Promotion

Integrating orthodontic care into school settings facilitates educational outreach and oral health promotion initiatives targeting pediatric patients, educators, and parents. Orthodontic practitioners can collaborate with school administrators to organize educational workshops, presentations, and interactive activities aimed at raising awareness about the importance of orthodontic health, proper oral hygiene practices, and the benefits of early orthodontic intervention. By engaging with school communities, orthodontic professionals can empower children and families to prioritize oral health and seek timely orthodontic care when needed [3-6].

4. Interdisciplinary Collaboration

School-based orthodontic programs foster interdisciplinary collaboration between orthodontic practitioners, school administrators, educators, and healthcare professionals to address the holistic needs of pediatric patients. By working collaboratively, stakeholders can develop comprehensive care plans that integrate orthodontic treatment with academic support, psychosocial interventions, and preventive healthcare services. This interdisciplinary approach ensures that orthodontic care is aligned with the broader goals of promoting overall health, well-being, and academic success among pediatric populations [3-6].

5. Community Engagement and Advocacy

School-based orthodontic programs serve as platforms for community engagement and advocacy efforts aimed at improving oral health outcomes and reducing oral health disparities among pediatric populations. Orthodontic practitioners can advocate for policies and initiatives that support school-based orthodontic care, including funding allocations, infrastructure development, and professional training programs. By actively engaging with policymakers, community leaders, and advocacy groups, orthodontic professionals can advance the integration of orthodontic services into school-based healthcare systems and promote equitable access to orthodontic care for all pediatric patients [3-6].

The orthodontic treatment in school settings represents a promising approach to addressing the orthodontic needs of pediatric patients while promoting overall health, well-being, and academic success. By enhancing accessibility, facilitating early intervention, promoting oral health education, fostering interdisciplinary collaboration, and advocating for community engagement, school-based orthodontic programs play a vital role in ensuring comprehensive and holistic care for pediatric populations. Moving forward, continued efforts to expand and strengthen school-based orthodontic initiatives are essential for promoting optimal oral health outcomes and improving the quality of life for children and adolescents.

Physiological Wellness Beyond Aesthetics

Orthodontic treatment not only improves dental aesthetics but also offers significant physiological benefits that contribute to the overall wellness of pediatric patients. While the aesthetic outcomes of orthodontic interventions are often emphasized, the functional and physiological improvements achieved through proper alignment of the teeth and jaws are equally important. Understanding the physiological implications of orthodontic treatment is essential for healthcare professionals, educators, and parents to appreciate the holistic impact of orthodontic care on pediatric patients' health and well-being [4-7].

1. Improved Masticatory Function

Orthodontic treatment plays a crucial role in enhancing masticatory function by aligning the teeth and jaws to facilitate efficient chewing and food digestion. Malocclusions, such as crowding or misaligned bites, can impair the occlusal relationship and hinder proper mastication, leading to inefficient chewing, reduced food breakdown, and swallowing difficulties. By correcting malocclusions through orthodontic interventions, pediatric patients experience improved dental occlusion and alignment, enabling more effective masticatory function and enhancing their nutritional intake and overall health [4-7].

2. Enhanced Speech Articulation

Orthodontic treatment can positively impact speech articulation by addressing dental irregularities that may impede proper phonetic pronunciation. Malocclusions, such as anterior open bites or dental crowding, can affect the position and movement of the tongue, lips, and teeth during speech production, resulting in articulatory errors and speech distortions. Orthodontic interventions align the teeth and jaws to create optimal oral conditions for speech articulation, enabling pediatric patients to achieve clearer and more intelligible speech patterns, enhancing their communication skills and social interactions [4-7].

3. Prevention of Temporomandibular Joint Disorders (TMD)

Orthodontic treatment plays a preventive role in mitigating the risk of temporomandibular joint disorders (TMD) and associated symptoms in pediatric patients. Malocclusions and dental irregularities can contribute to dysfunctional occlusal relationships, temporomandibular joint misalignment, and excessive occlusal forces, predisposing individuals to TMD-related issues such as jaw pain, muscle tension, and joint dysfunction. Orthodontic interventions aim to correct occlusal discrepancies, redistribute occlusal forces, and optimize temporomandibular joint function, thereby reducing the incidence and severity of TMD symptoms in pediatric patients [4-7].

4. Facilitation of Optimal Oral Health

Orthodontic treatment promotes optimal oral health by facilitating proper dental alignment, occlusion, and hygiene practices in pediatric patients. Malocclusions and dental irregularities create areas of plaque accumulation, predisposing individuals to dental caries, gingival inflammation, and periodontal disease. Orthodontic interventions align the teeth and jaws, eliminate occlusal interferences, and improve access for oral hygiene maintenance, reducing the risk of dental diseases and promoting gingival health in pediatric patients [4-7].

5. Enhanced Psychological Well-being

The physiological benefits of orthodontic treatment extend to psychological well-being, as improved dental alignment and aesthetics contribute to enhanced self-esteem, confidence, and social acceptance in pediatric patients. Malocclusions and dental irregularities may negatively impact self-image, self-confidence, and social interactions, leading to psychosocial stressors such as low self-esteem, social withdrawal, and peer teasing. Orthodontic interventions address these concerns by enhancing dental aesthetics, restoring facial harmony, and promoting positive self-perception, thereby improving pediatric patients' overall psychological well-being and quality of life [4-7].

Psychological Considerations in Orthodontic Treatment

Orthodontic treatment not only addresses physical aspects of malocclusions but also has significant psychological implications for pediatric patients. The psychological impact of orthodontic treatment encompasses various factors, including self-esteem, body image, social interactions, and overall well-being. Understanding these psychological considerations is essential for orthodontic practitioners, educators, and parents to provide comprehensive care and support for pediatric patients undergoing orthodontic interventions [4-7].

1. Self-esteem and Body Image

Orthodontic treatment can have a profound impact on the self-esteem and body image of pediatric patients, particularly adolescents who are highly sensitive to physical appearance and social acceptance. Visible dental irregularities, such as crooked teeth or malocclusions, may contribute to feelings of self-consciousness, embarrassment, and low self-esteem. Orthodontic interventions address these concerns by improving dental alignment and aesthetics, enhancing smile confidence, and promoting positive self-perception in pediatric patients. Research has shown that orthodontic treatment leads to significant improvements in self-esteem and body image, with patients reporting increased satisfaction with their appearance and enhanced confidence in social interactions [4-7].

2. Social Interactions and Peer Relationships

Orthodontic treatment can influence social interactions and peer relationships among pediatric patients, as visible dental irregularities may affect how individuals are perceived by others and how they perceive themselves. Children with malocclusions may experience social stigma, teasing, or bullying from peers, leading to social withdrawal and avoidance of social situations. Orthodontic interventions alleviate these psychosocial stressors by improving dental aesthetics, enhancing smile attractiveness, and promoting positive social interactions among pediatric patients. Studies have demonstrated that orthodontic treatment leads to improvements in peer acceptance, social integration, and overall satisfaction with interpersonal relationships among pediatric patients [4-7].

3. Psychological Well-being and Quality of Life

The psychological well-being and quality of life of pediatric patients are significantly influenced by their experiences with orthodontic treatment. Malocclusions and dental irregularities can impact various aspects of psychological well-being, including emotional health, social functioning, and overall life satisfaction. Orthodontic interventions address these concerns by improving dental aesthetics, restoring facial harmony, and enhancing psychological well-being in pediatric patients. Research has shown that orthodontic treatment leads to reductions in psychosocial stress, anxiety, and depression, as well as improvements in overall quality of life and satisfaction with life among pediatric patients [4-7].

4. Coping Strategies and Treatment Compliance

Orthodontic treatment may pose challenges for pediatric patients in terms of treatment discomfort, dietary restrictions, and maintenance of oral hygiene. Effective coping strategies and treatment compliance are essential for successful orthodontic outcomes and patient

satisfaction. Orthodontic practitioners play a crucial role in supporting pediatric patients through the treatment process by providing education, encouragement, and positive reinforcement. By fostering open communication, addressing concerns, and empowering pediatric patients to actively participate in their treatment, orthodontic practitioners can enhance treatment compliance and promote positive psychological experiences during orthodontic treatment [4-7].

5. Long-term Psychological Effects

The psychological effects of orthodontic treatment extend beyond the duration of treatment, influencing long-term psychosocial outcomes and quality of life in pediatric patients. Orthodontic treatment not only improves dental aesthetics but also instills confidence, self-esteem, and resilience in pediatric patients, shaping their psychological development and well-being into adulthood. Research has shown that orthodontic treatment leads to sustained improvements in self-esteem, body image, and social functioning, as well as greater satisfaction with overall life among pediatric patients in the long term [4-7].

Considerations for School-Based Orthodontic Care

Implementing orthodontic care in school settings requires careful consideration of logistical, educational, and ethical factors to ensure the effective delivery of services and the promotion of pediatric patients' well-being. School-based orthodontic care programs aim to enhance accessibility, facilitate early intervention, and promote oral health education among pediatric populations. By addressing these considerations, orthodontic practitioners, school administrators, and healthcare professionals can collaborate to create comprehensive and sustainable orthodontic care initiatives within school settings [6-10].

1. Logistical Considerations

Logistical considerations play a crucial role in the successful implementation of school-based orthodontic care programs. These considerations include the availability of physical space for orthodontic consultations and treatments, access to necessary equipment and materials, and the coordination of appointments with school schedules. Orthodontic practitioners must work closely with school administrators to ensure that logistical requirements are met and that orthodontic services can be delivered effectively within the school environment. Additionally, considerations such as transportation arrangements for pediatric patients and the involvement of parents in the treatment process should be addressed to optimize access to care and minimize disruptions to academic activities [6-10].

2. Educational Outreach and Oral Health Promotion

School-based orthodontic care programs provide opportunities for educational outreach and oral health promotion initiatives targeting pediatric patients, educators, and parents. Orthodontic practitioners can collaborate with school personnel to organize educational workshops, presentations, and interactive activities aimed at raising awareness about orthodontic health, proper oral hygiene practices, and the benefits of early orthodontic intervention. By engaging with school communities, orthodontic professionals can empower children and families to prioritize oral health and seek timely orthodontic care when needed [6-10].

3. Interdisciplinary Collaboration

Interdisciplinary collaboration is essential for the success of school-based orthodontic care programs, as they involve coordination between orthodontic practitioners, school administrators, educators, and healthcare professionals. Orthodontic practitioners must collaborate with school personnel to identify pediatric patients in need of orthodontic treatment, facilitate referrals to orthodontic specialists, and coordinate follow-up care. Additionally, collaboration with other healthcare professionals, such as dentists, dental

hygienists, and speech therapists, can enhance the comprehensive care provided to pediatric patients, addressing both orthodontic and related oral health needs [6-10].

4. Ethical Considerations

Ethical considerations are paramount in school-based orthodontic care programs to ensure that pediatric patients receive care that is safe, effective, and respectful of their rights and autonomy. Orthodontic practitioners must adhere to ethical guidelines and standards of practice in their interactions with pediatric patients, maintaining confidentiality, informed consent, and patient-centered care. Additionally, considerations such as cultural sensitivity, socioeconomic disparities, and access to care should be addressed to promote equity and inclusivity in orthodontic treatment delivery within school settings [6-10].

5. Community Engagement and Advocacy

Community engagement and advocacy efforts are essential for promoting awareness, support, and funding for school-based orthodontic care programs. Orthodontic practitioners can engage with policymakers, community leaders, and advocacy groups to advocate for policies and initiatives that support the integration of orthodontic services into school-based healthcare systems. By actively participating in community outreach events, fundraising activities, and public awareness campaigns, orthodontic professionals can raise the profile of orthodontic care within school settings and promote equitable access to care for all pediatric patients [6-10].

In conclusion, considerations for school-based orthodontic care programs encompass logistical, educational, ethical, and advocacy aspects to ensure the effective delivery of services and the promotion of pediatric patients' well-being. By addressing these considerations and fostering collaboration between orthodontic practitioners, school administrators, and healthcare professionals, comprehensive and sustainable orthodontic care initiatives can be established within school settings, enhancing accessibility, facilitating early intervention, and promoting oral health education among pediatric populations.

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